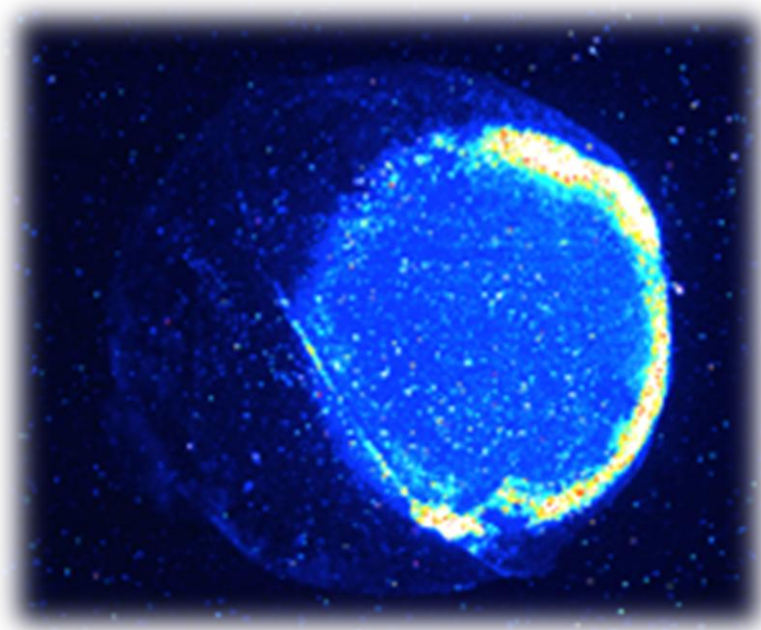


Experimental study of large particles in Homogeneous Isotropic Turbulence



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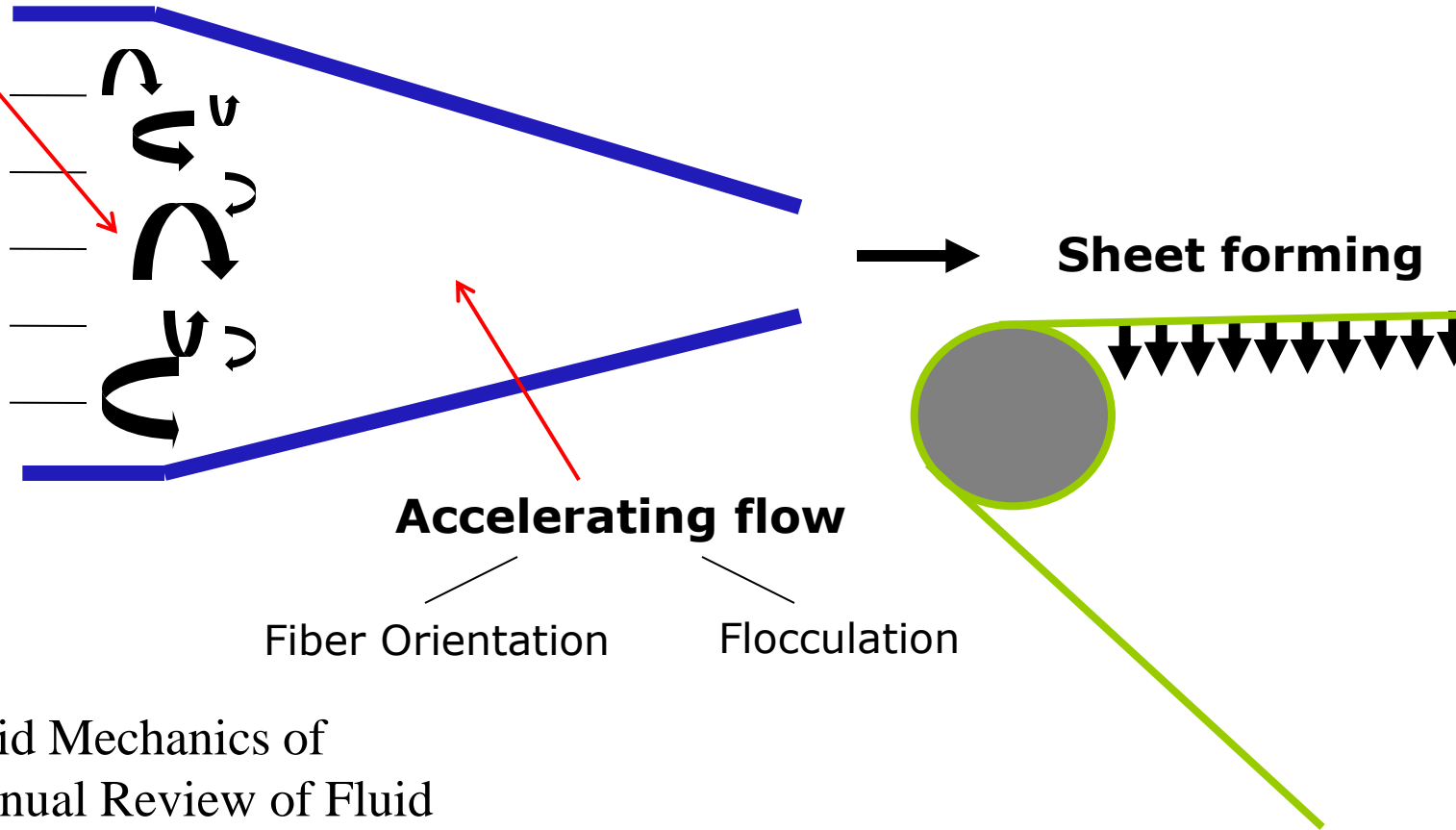
Gabriele Bellani,
KTH Mechanics, Sweden
@UC Berkeley, CA

Turbulence particle interaction in papermaking

Turbulence from tube package

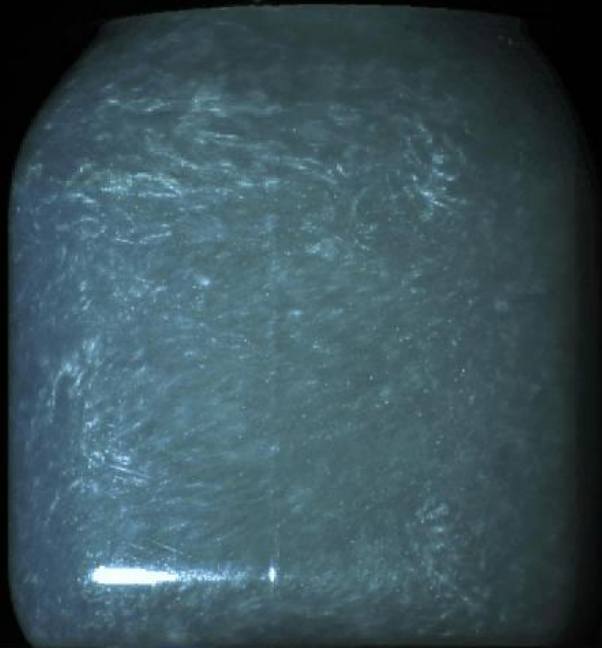


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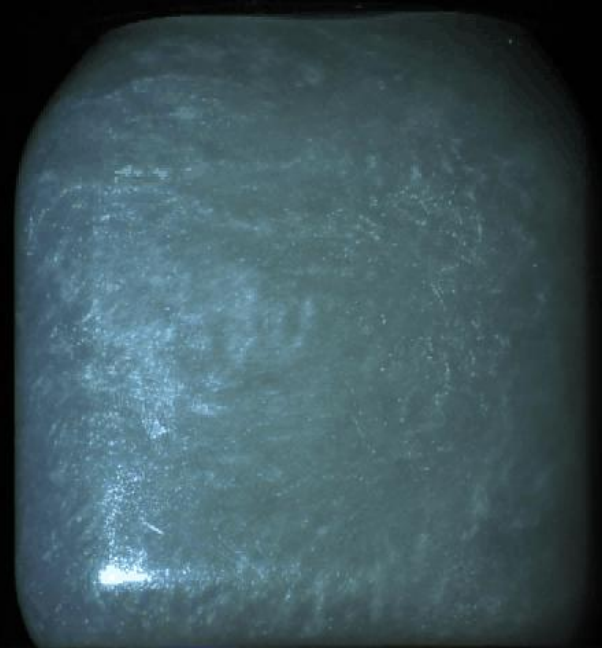


Lundell et al. Fluid Mechanics of Papermaking. Annual Review of Fluid Mechanics (2010) (43) pp. 195-217

Decay of turbulence



Without pulp



**With 0.2% bleached
softwood pulp**



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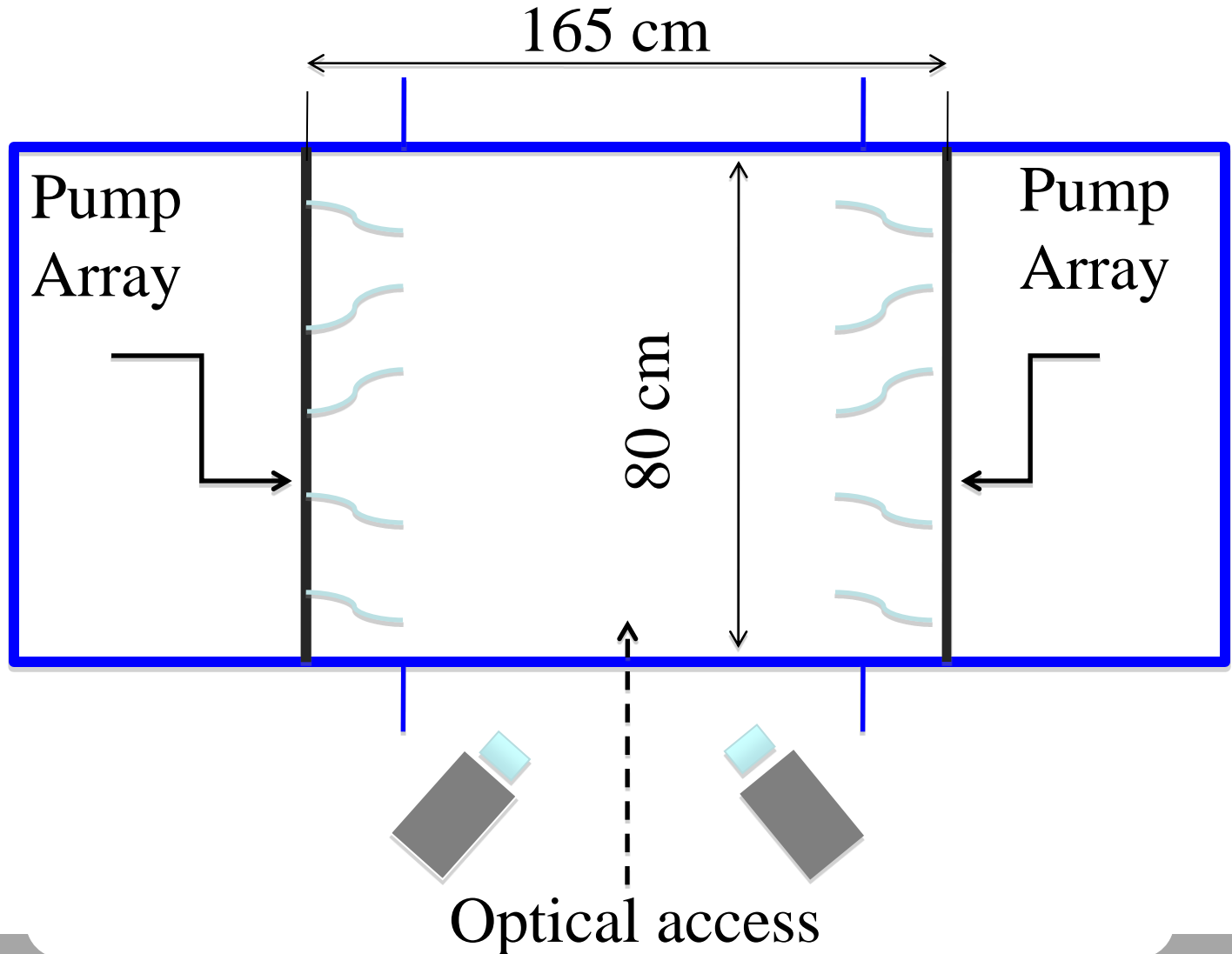
Turbulence generation: experimental setup



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Stirred Tank

Top view



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Pump Array: Stochastic algorithm



- 2 Synthetic Jet Arrays

- 64 Jets per Array

- Jets Fire in

- Stochastic

Pattern(Algorithm based on:

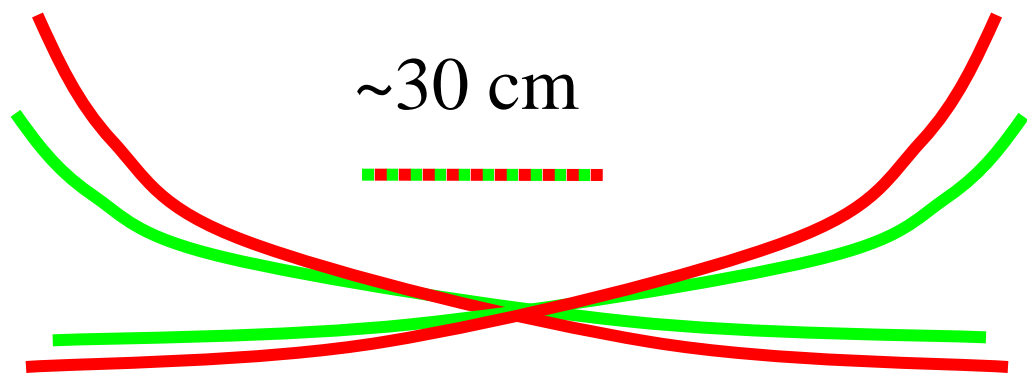
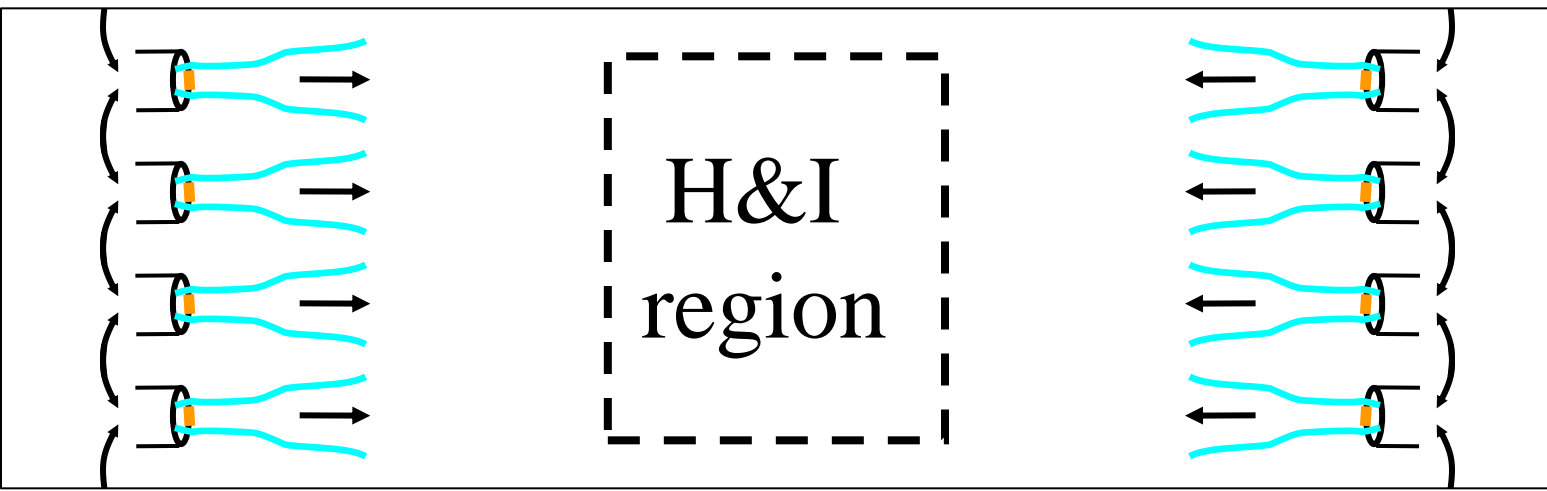
Variano&Cowen2008, JFM)

Side view

Idea of H.I.T. generation

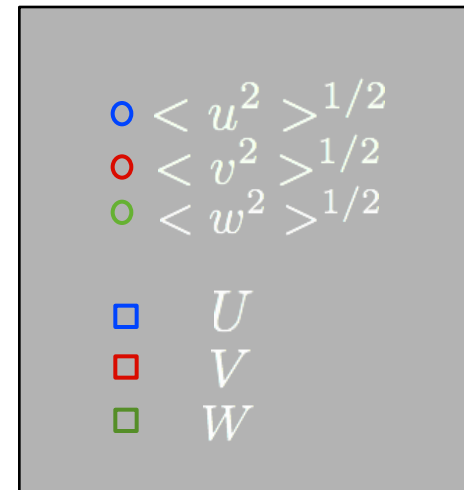
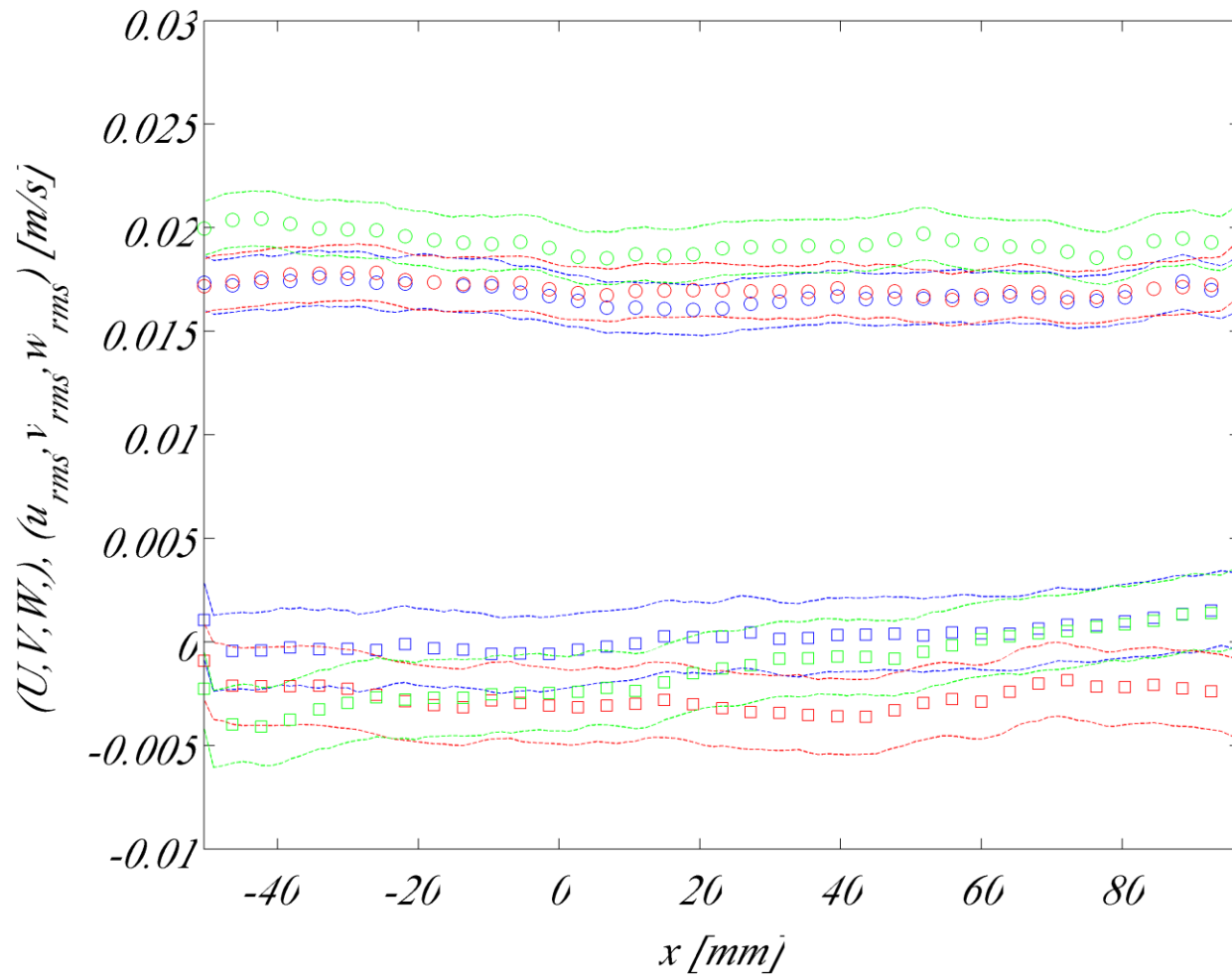


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Axial velocity variance
Lateral velocity variance

Measurements at the center of the tank



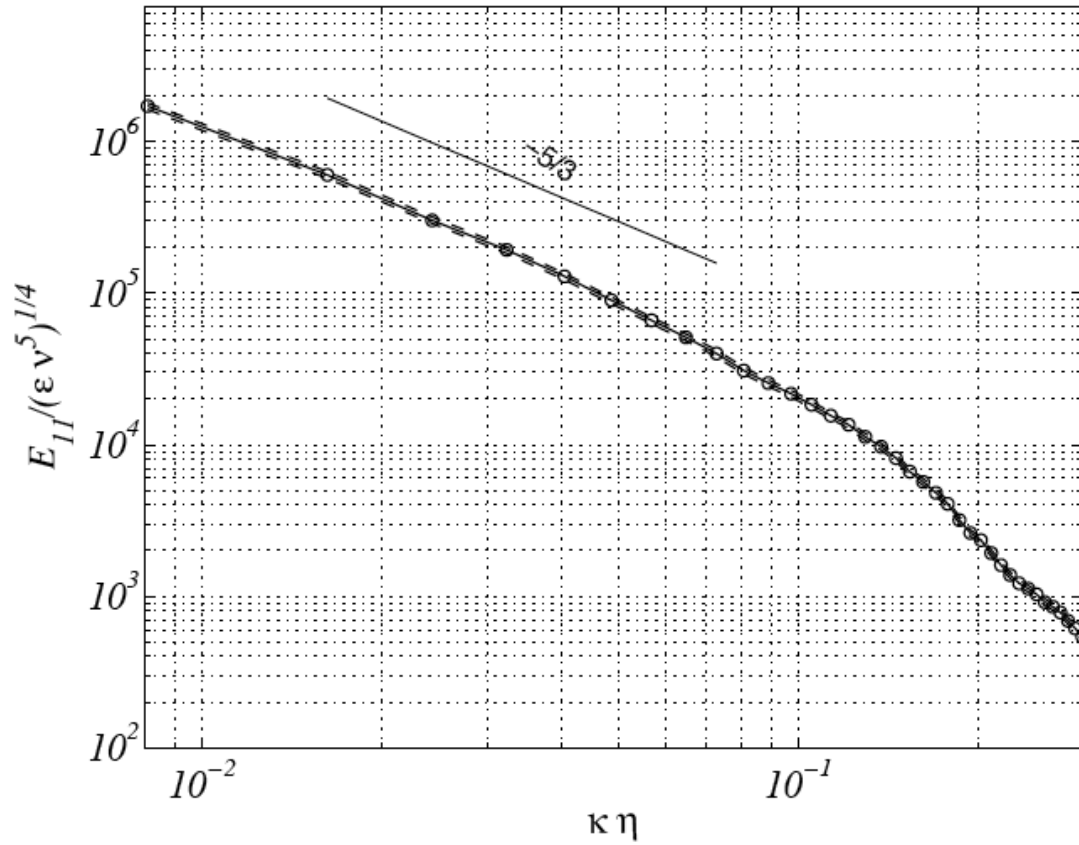
Tank summary

$$Re_\lambda = 269$$



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—
 Λ
 λ
 η
—



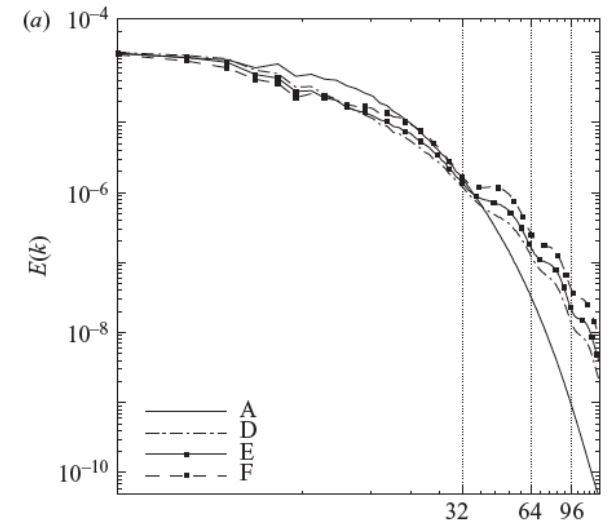
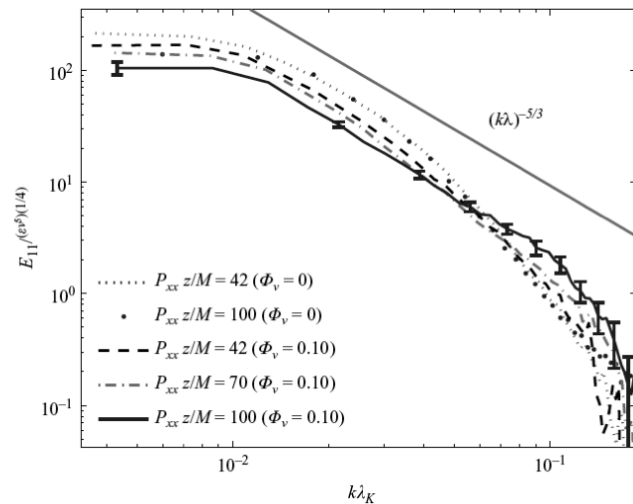
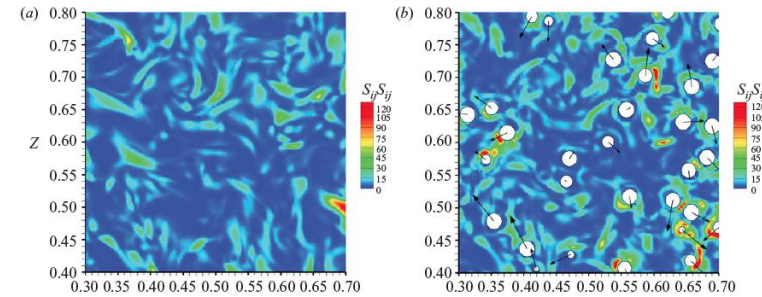
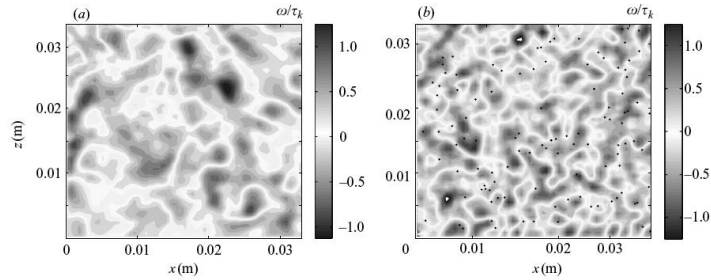
—
 $= 2.7s$
—



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Turbulence-particle interactions

Small Vs Large particles

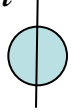


Experiments: Poelma, C. & Ooms, G.
 ,Particle-fluid interactions in
 grid-generated turbulence, JFM
 (2007) vol. 589, pp 315-351

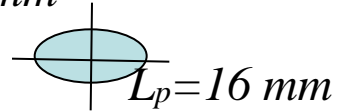
DNS: Lucci et al. Modulation of
 isotropic turbulence by particles
 of Taylor length-scale size. JFM
 (2010) vol. 650 pp. 5

Non spherical particles?

$$d_p = 8 \text{ mm}$$



$$d_p = 8 \text{ mm}$$



$$\rho_p / \rho_{H_2O} \approx 1$$

$$d_p / \eta \approx 21$$

$$d_p / \lambda \approx 0.65$$

$$\tau_p / \tau_\eta \approx 26$$



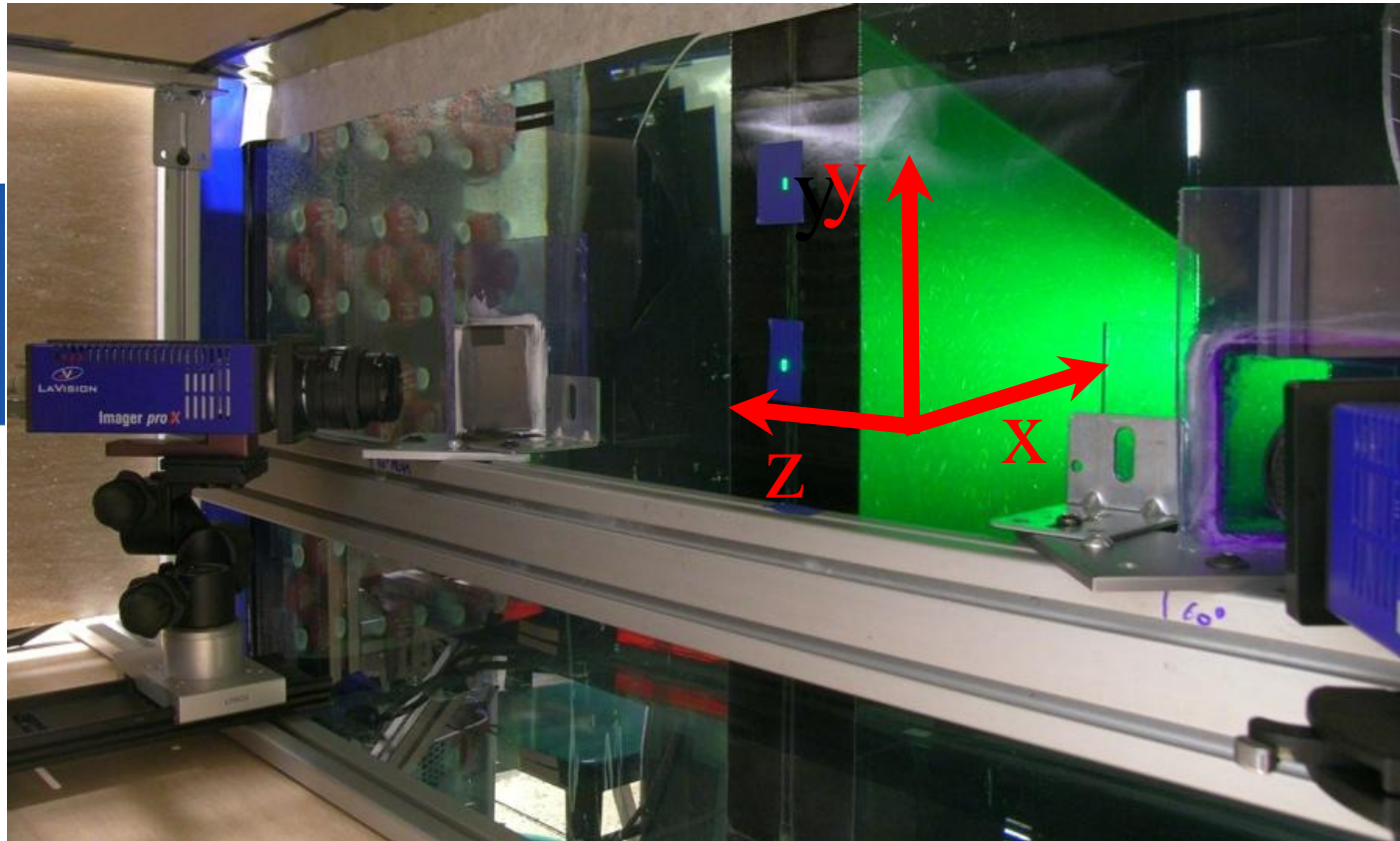
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Experimental technique

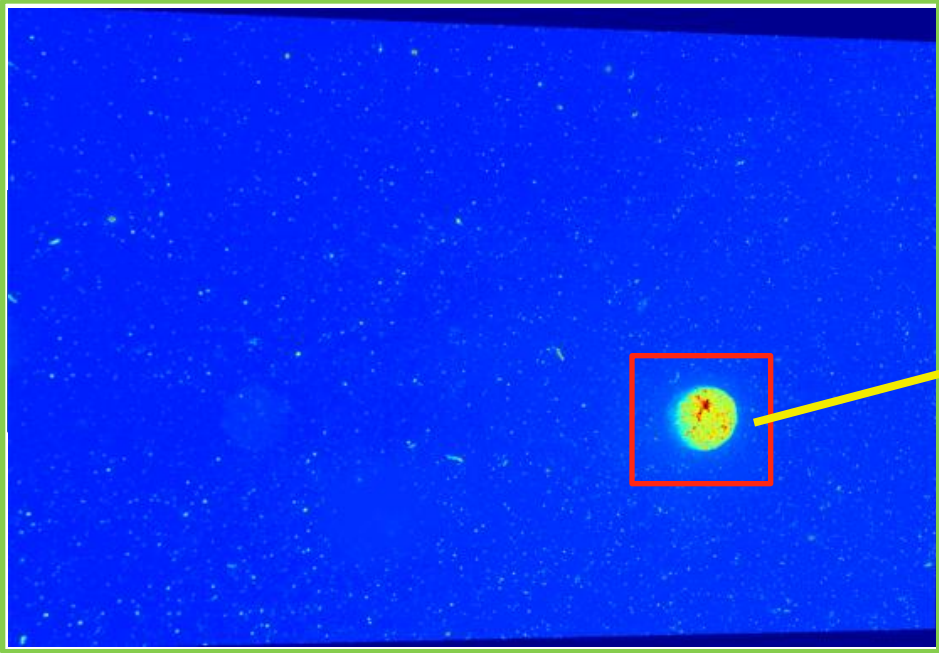
Stereoscopic PIV



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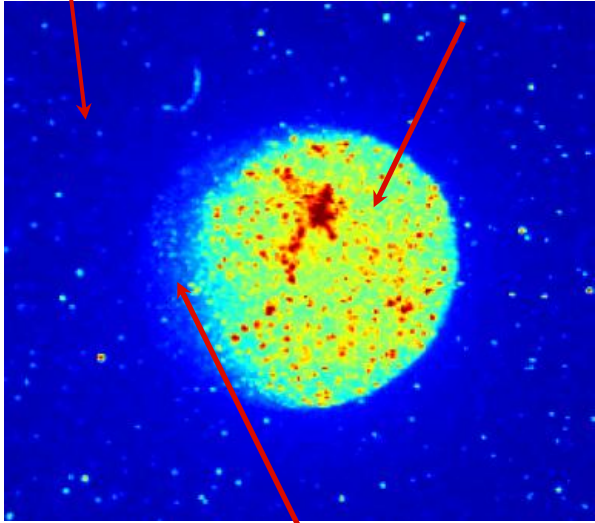


Fluid-particle phase velocity measurements



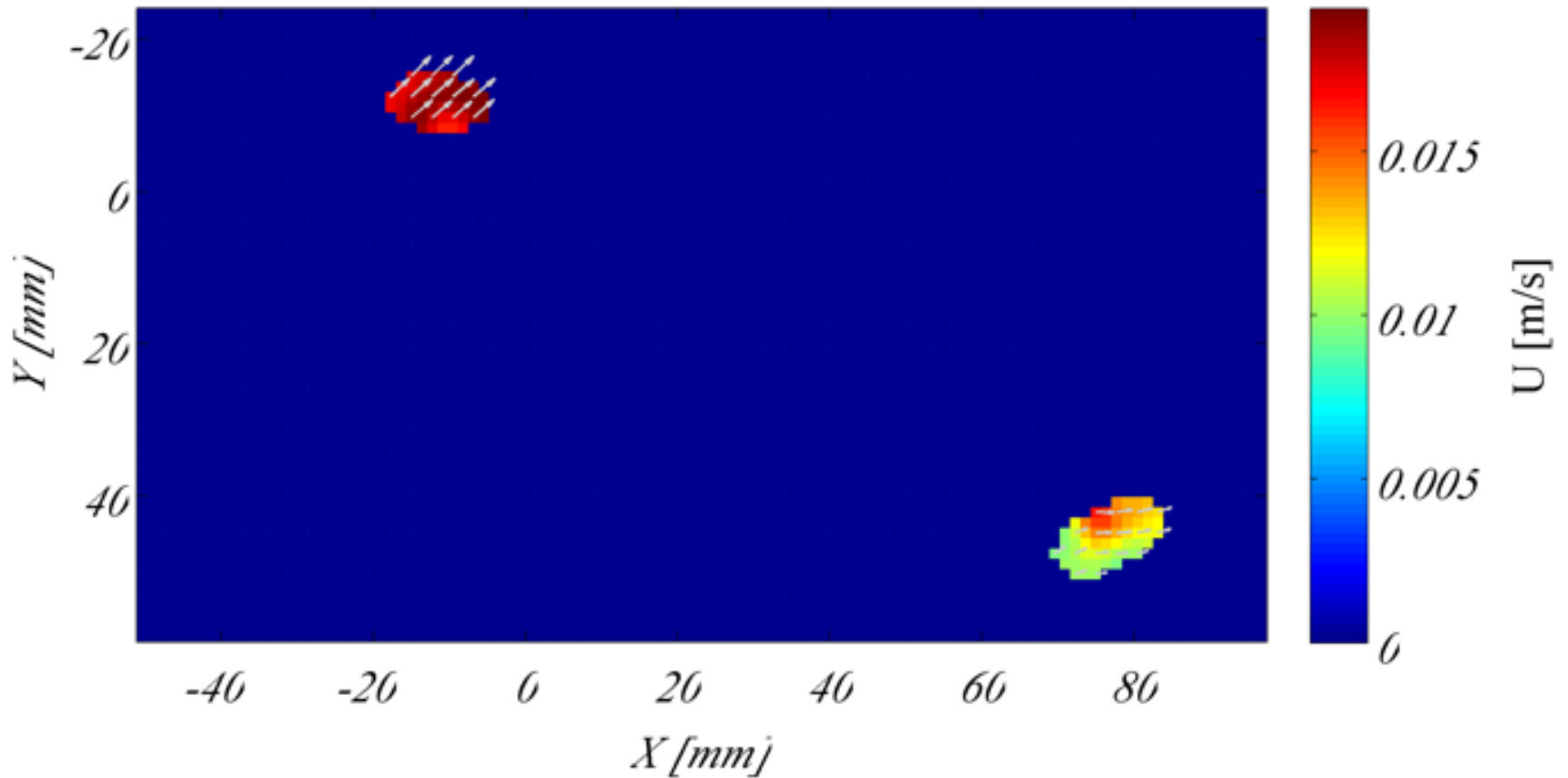
Fluid phase

In-plane
particle slice



Out-of-plane
particle slice

Example velocity field

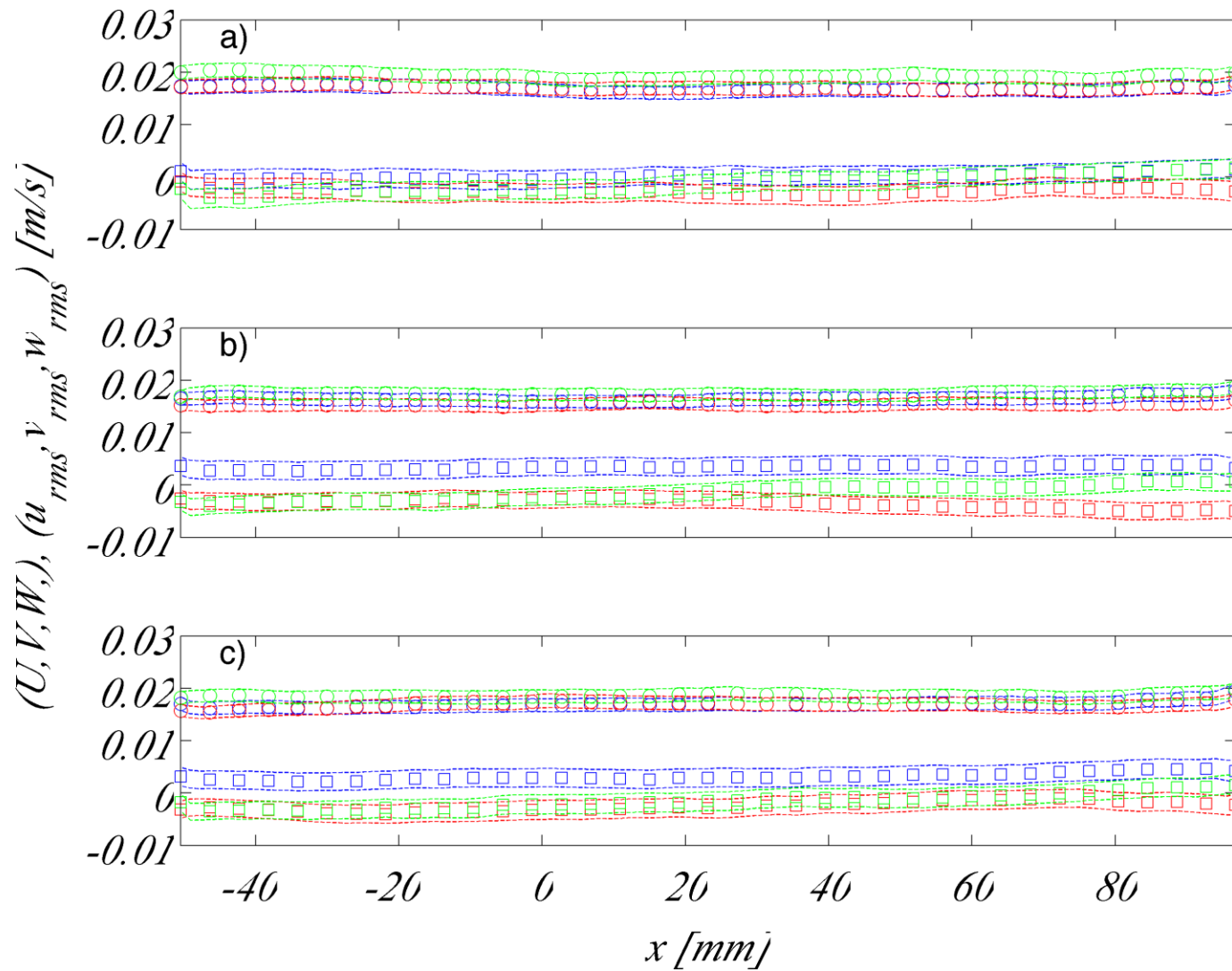




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Results

- turbulence modulation -



Single phase

● Spheres

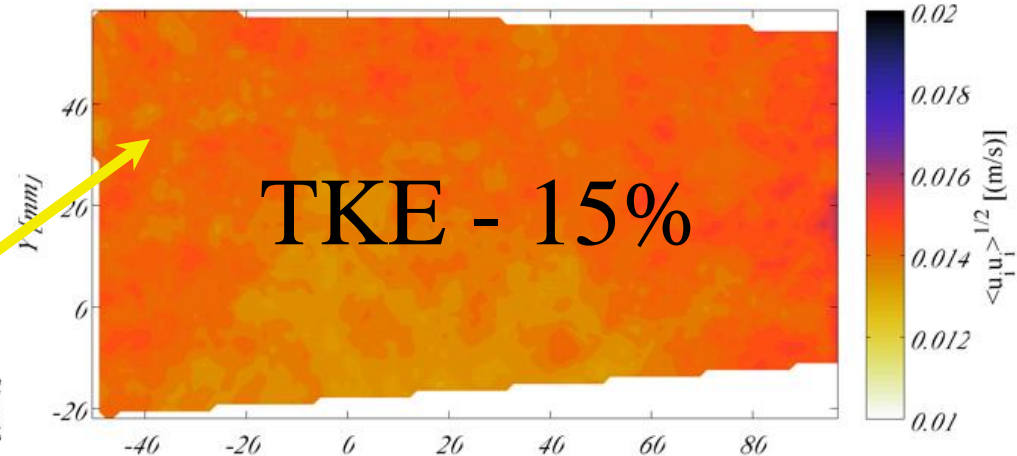
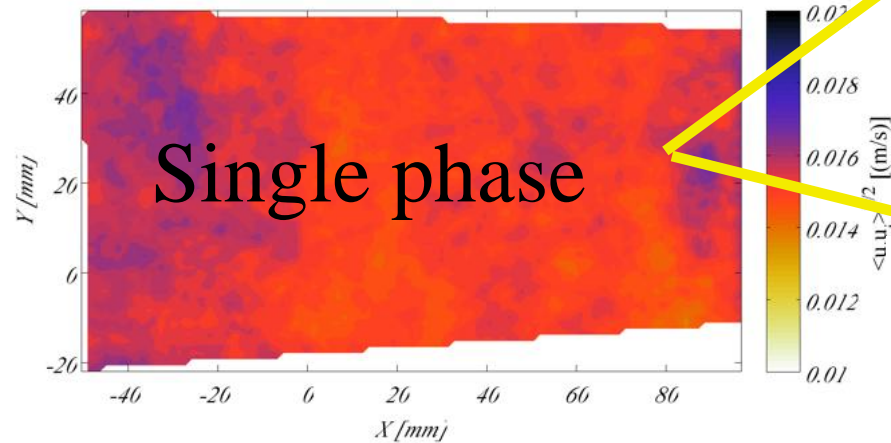
$\Phi_v = 0.1 \cdot 10^{-2}$

● Ellipsoids

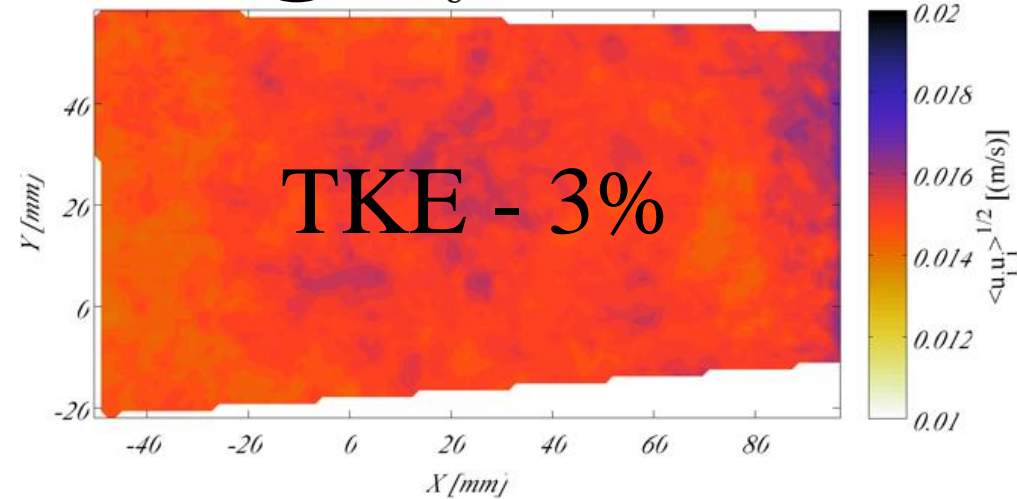
$\Phi_v = 0.1 \cdot 10^{-2}$

Turbulent Kinetic Energy

● $\Phi_v = 0.1 \cdot 10^{-2}$



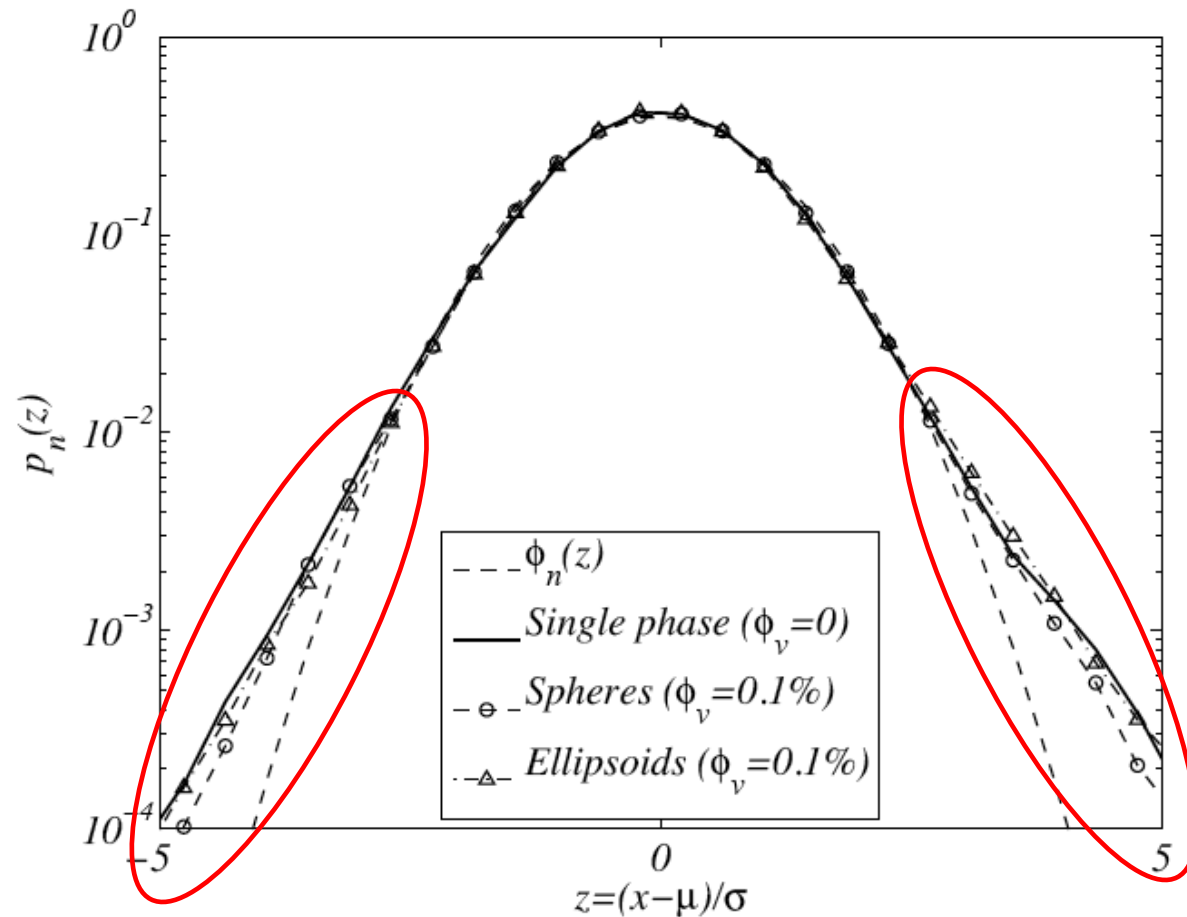
● $\Phi_v^{X[mm]} = 0.1 \cdot 10^{-2}$



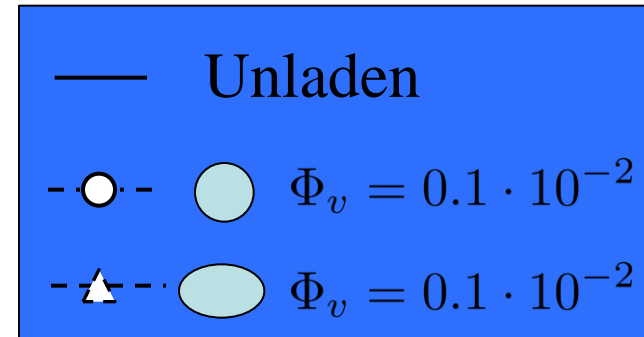
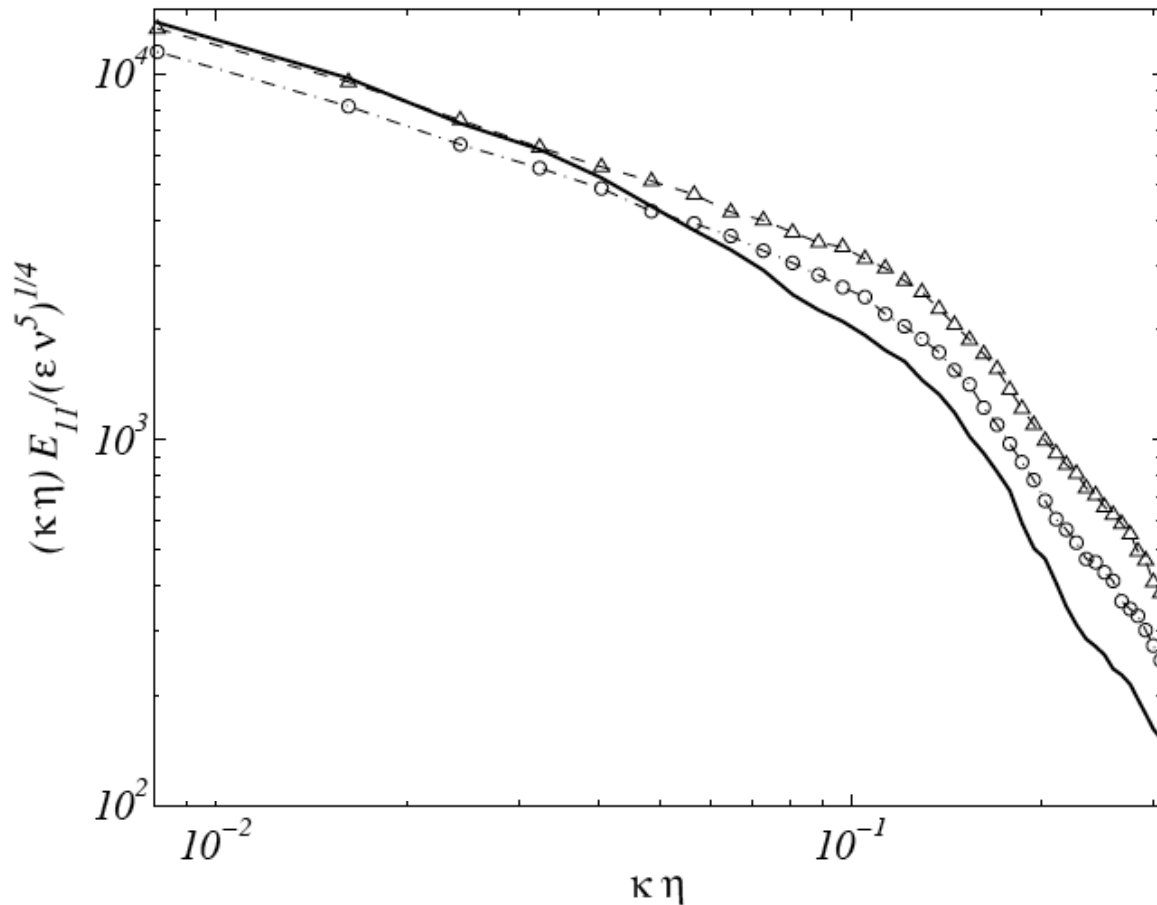
Probability density functions of velocity fluctuations



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Spectral Pivot



Spectra from of two-point correlation as described in: Poelma, C. et al. (2006) Exp. in Fluids 40:347-363

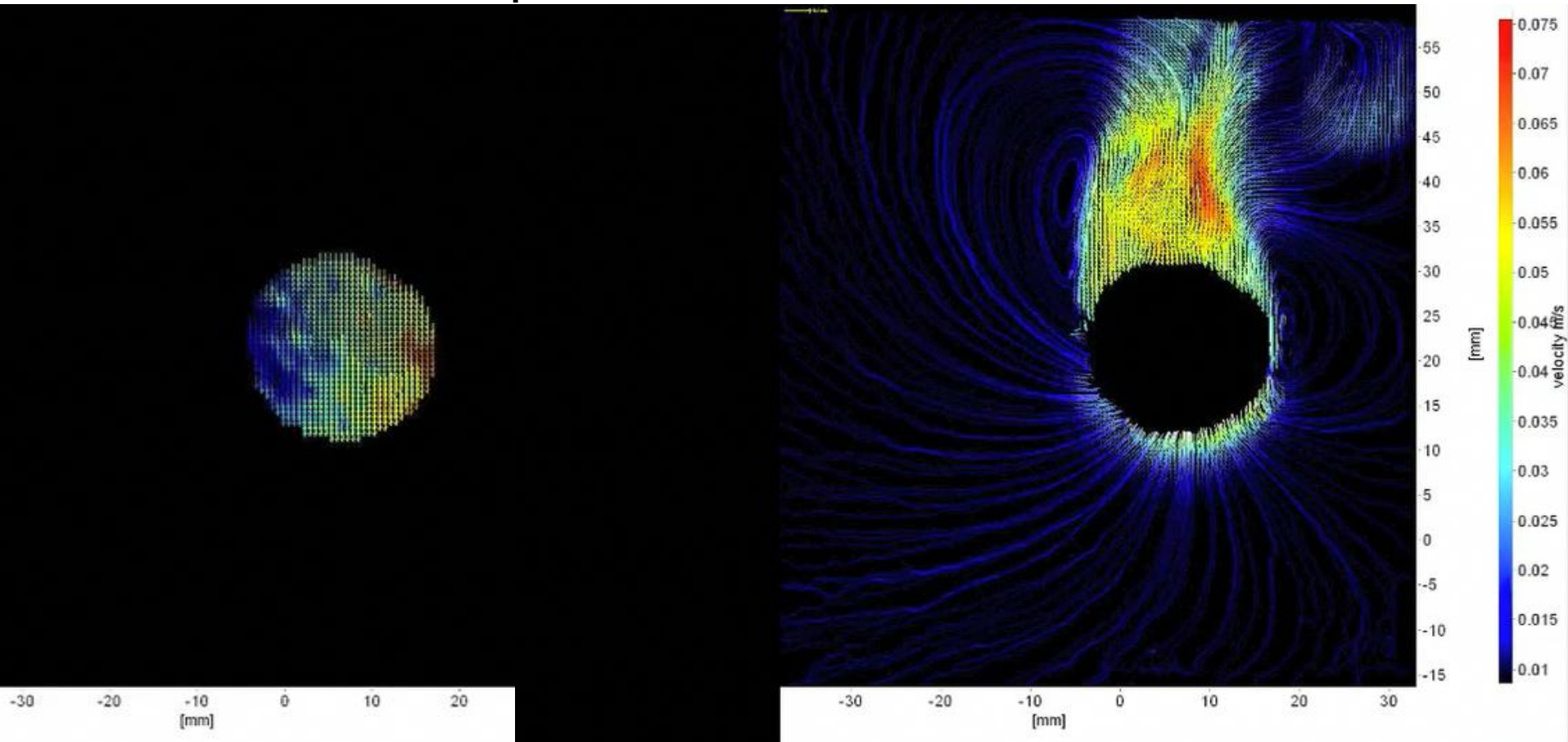


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Open question:
less dissipation around
ellipsoidal particles or
additional production
mechanism due to rotation?

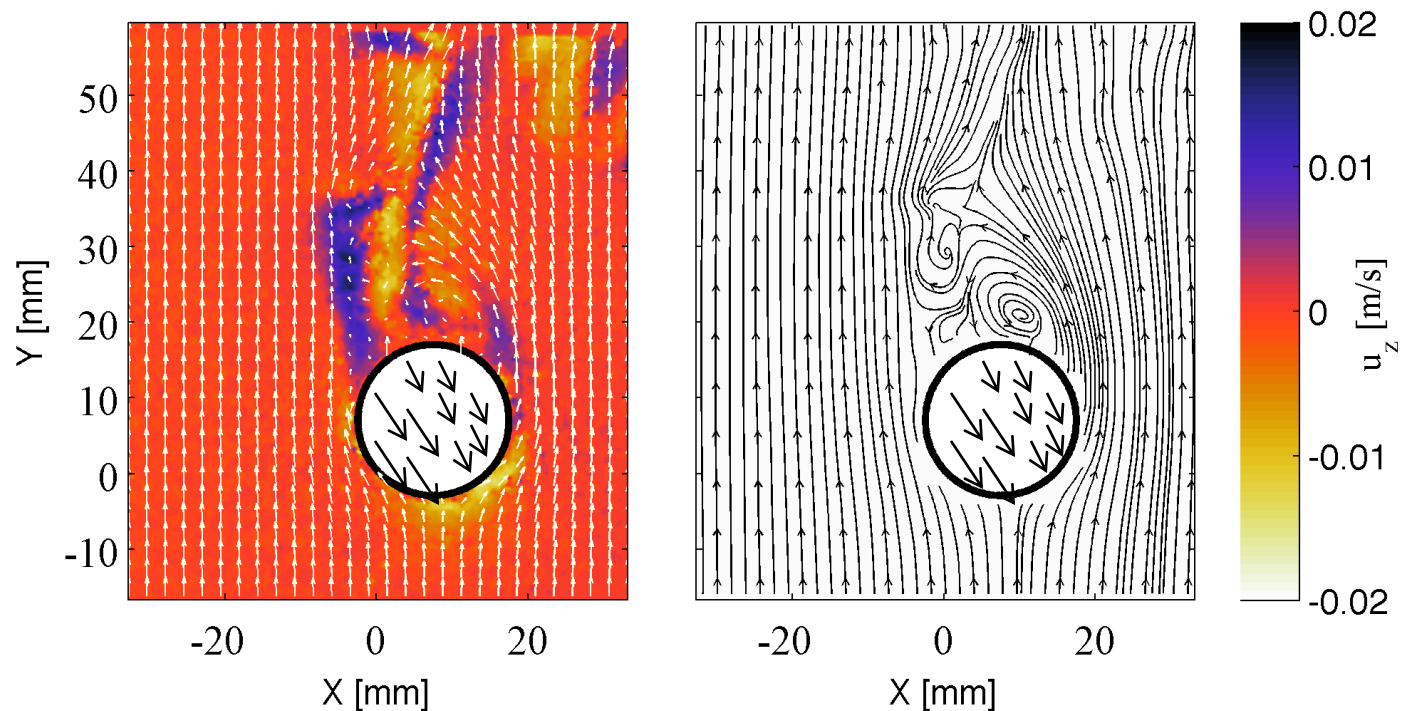
Future work:

combine fluid and particle velocity and rotation measurements to analyze local dissipation and production mechanisms



Future work:

combine fluid and particle velocity and rotation measurements to analyze local dissipation and production mechanisms



Falling sphere, $Re=180$ (G. Bellani, 2010)

Conclusions

Experimental technique to measure fluid phase and particle velocity (and rotation rates) in stationary H.I.T. is presented



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Spectral Pivoting observed for large-neutrally buoyant particles in dilute regime

Ellipsoids provide lower TKE reduction and exhibit a more pronounced Pivoting than spherical particles at the same volume fraction

Acknowledgements

*Financial support from UC Berkeley and
KTH Mechanics*

Thanks to: Audric Collignon – UC Berkeley

Eddy Kuo - Autodesk Inc. Idea Studio

Paul Noceti - Hawk Ridge Systems

Steve Anderson - LaVision Inc.

Matt Ritter– UC Berkeley

Margaret Byron – UC Berkeley

Colin Meyer - UC Berkeley

Fredrik Lundell – KTH Mechanics

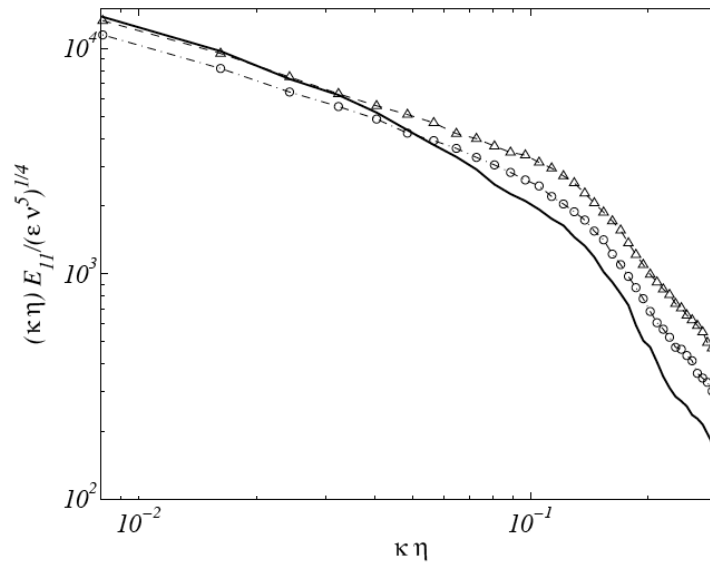
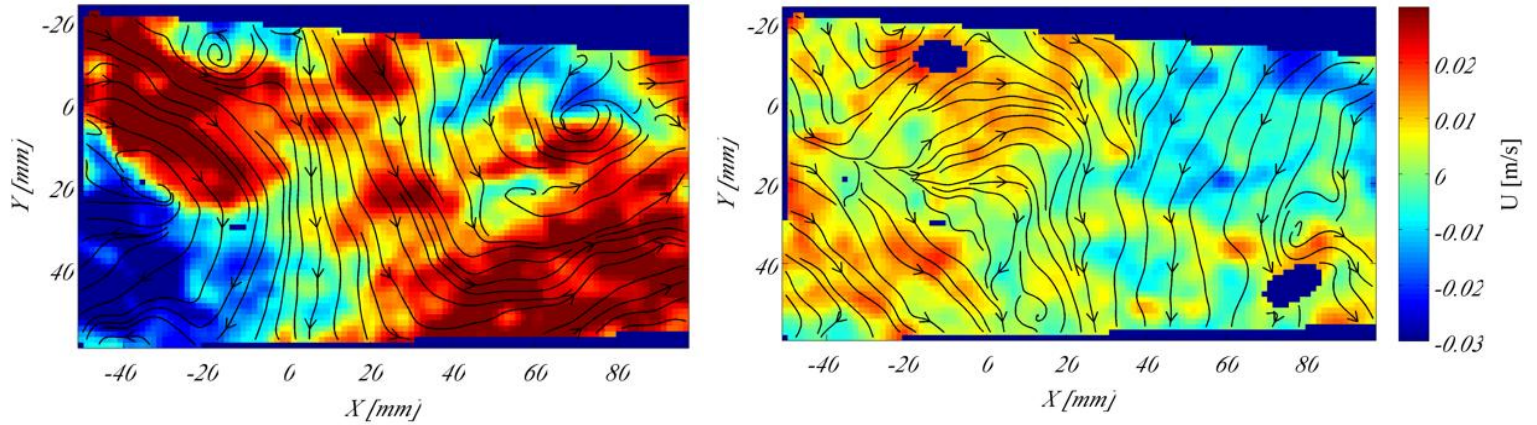


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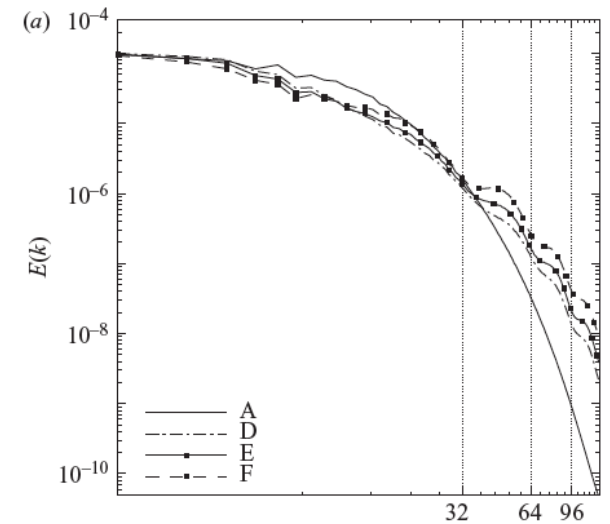
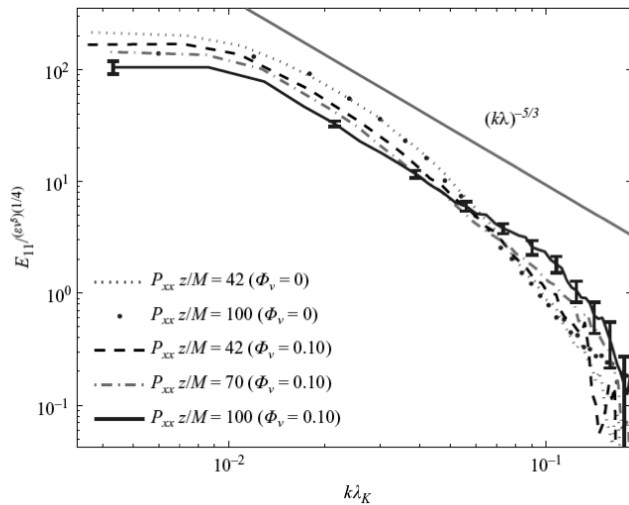
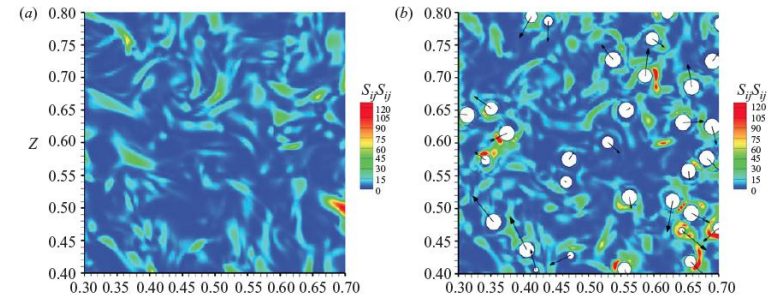
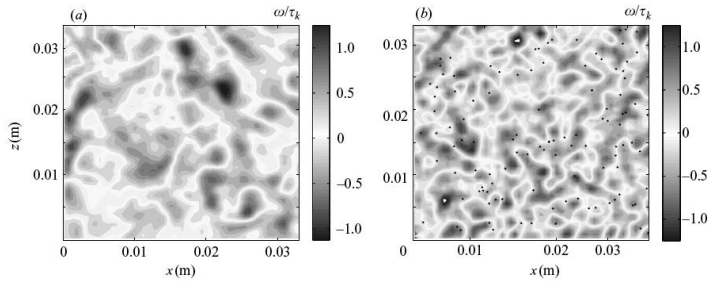
Thank you!



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Small Vs Large particles

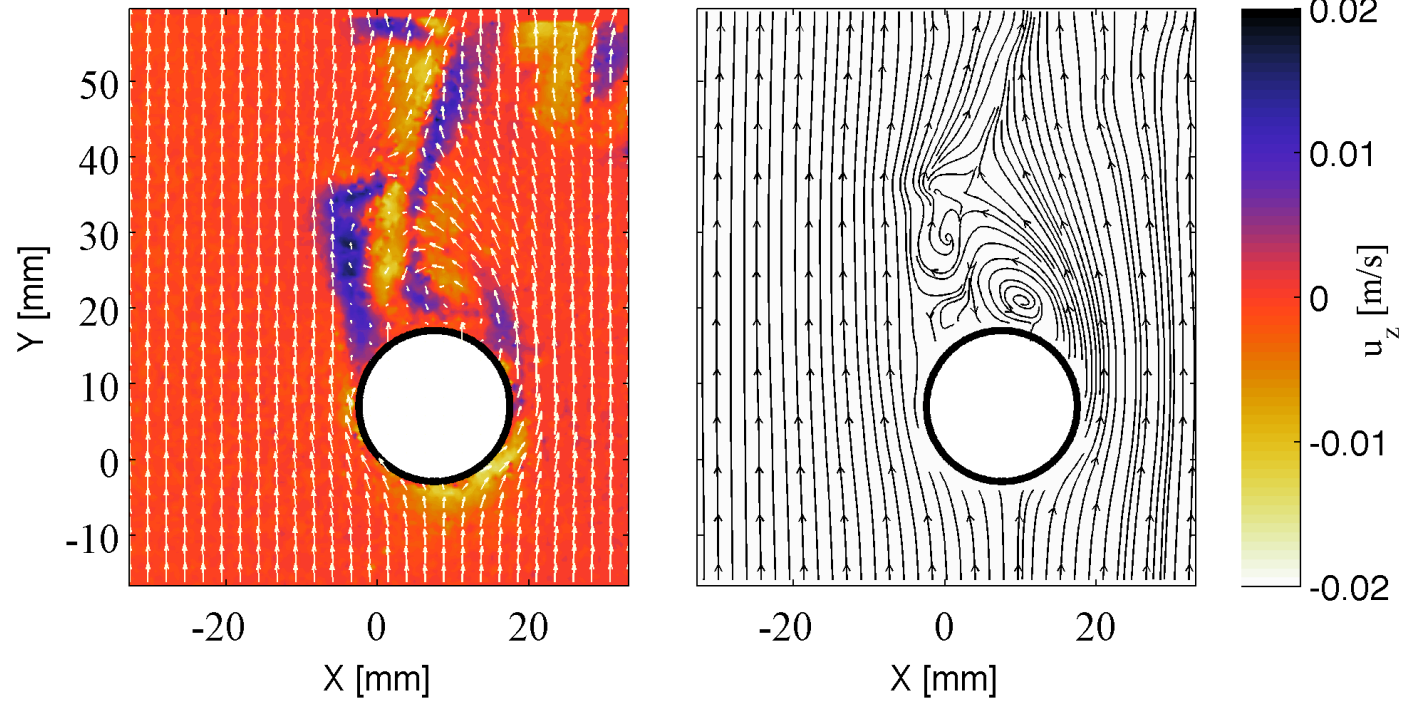


Experiments: Poelma, C. & Ooms, G. (2007), Particle-fluid interactions in grid-generated turbulence, JFM vol. 589, pp 315-351

DNS: Lucci et al. Modulation of isotropic turbulence by particles of Taylor length-scale size. Journal of Fluid Mechanics (2010) vol. 650 pp. 5

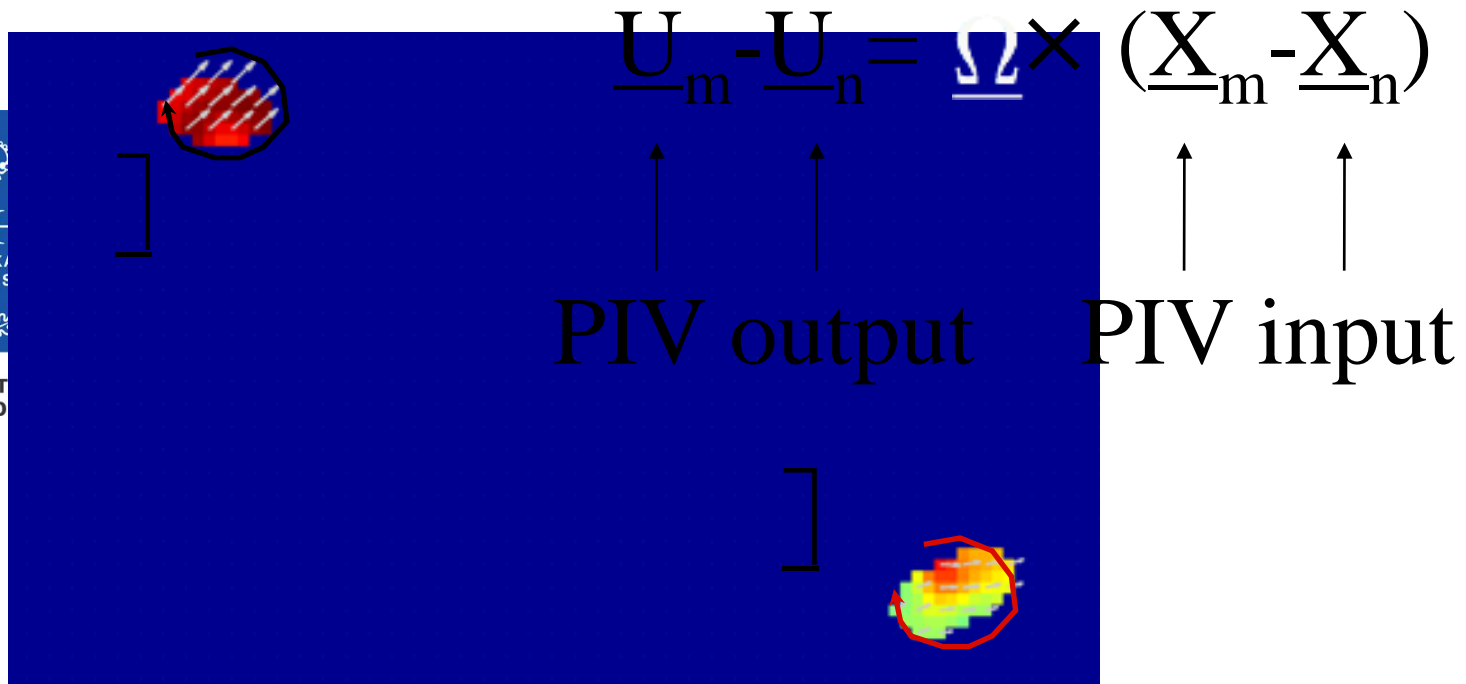


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Rotation measurement

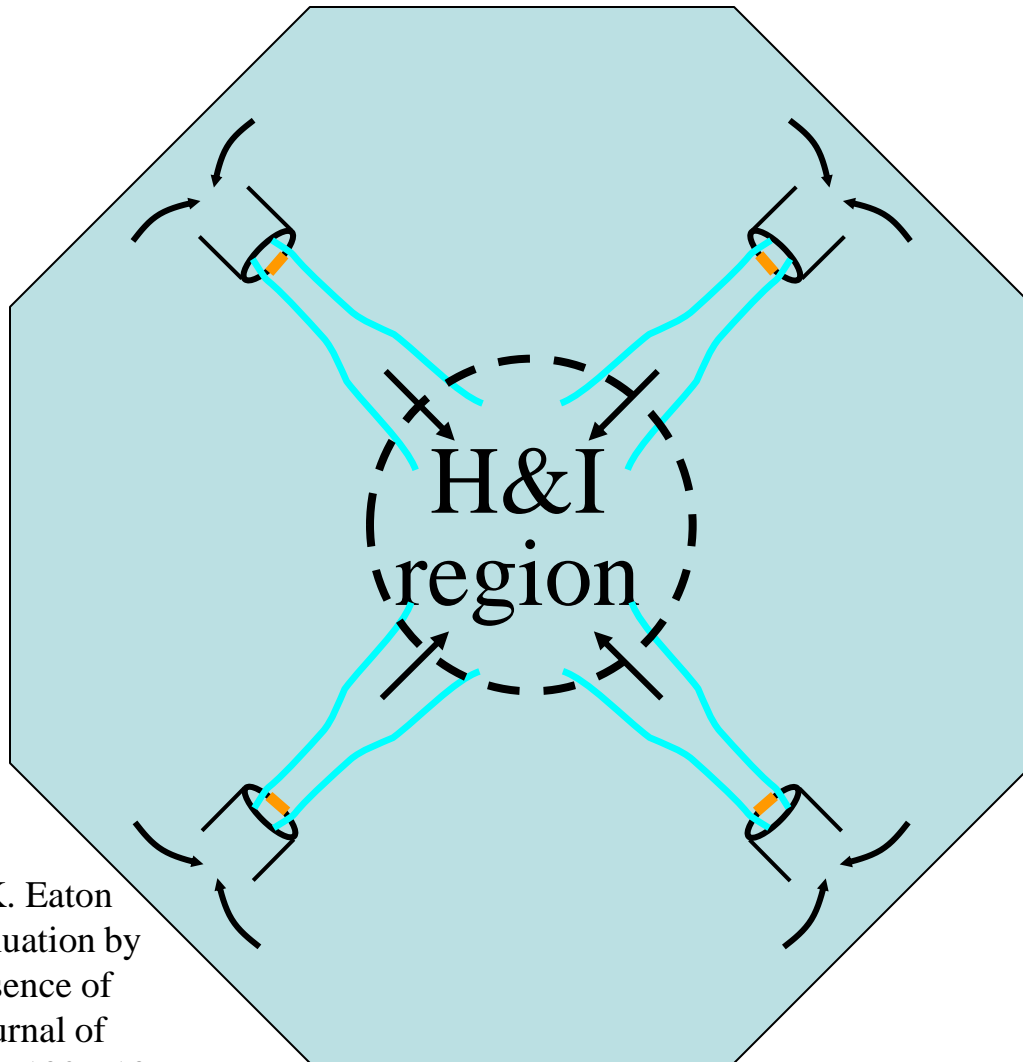
From S-PIV we get $\underline{\Gamma}_z$ than $\underline{\Gamma}_x$ and $\underline{\Gamma}_y$:



H&I Turbulence over large region



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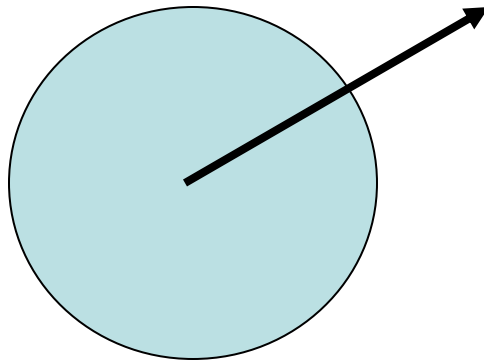
e.g. Hwang, W., and J. K. Eaton
(2006), Turbulence attenuation by
small particles in the absence of
gravity, International Journal of
Multiphase Flow, 32(12), 1386-1396.

Within-particle velocity

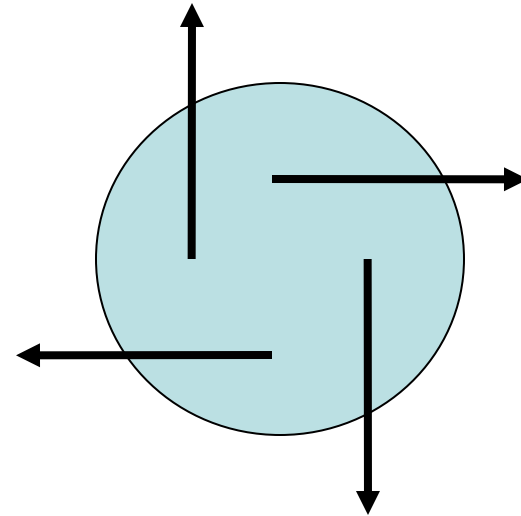
Velocity measurements of tracers within the particle give:



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Translation



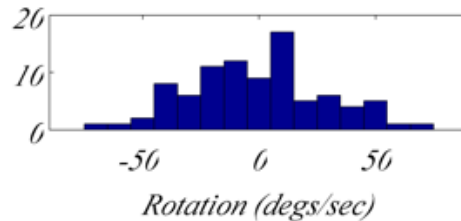
Rotation

Rotational Dynamics: preliminary results

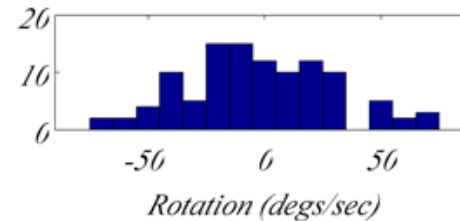


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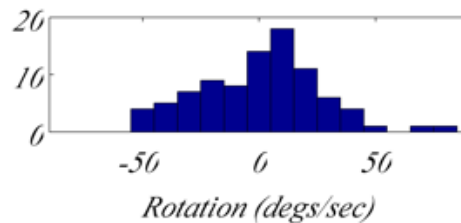
Spheres: Ω_x (Histogram)



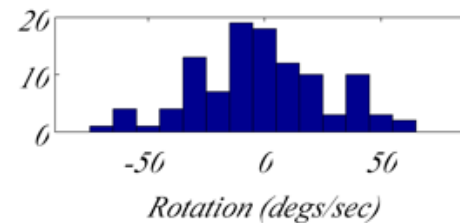
Ellipsoids: Ω_x (Histogram)



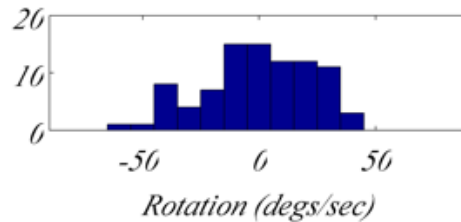
Spheres: Ω_y (Histogram)



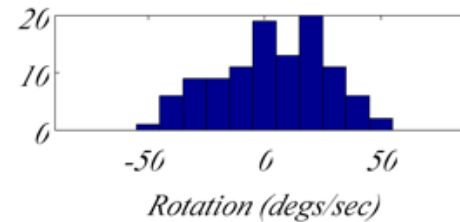
Ellipsoids: Ω_y (Histogram)



Spheres: Ω_z (Histogram)



Ellipsoids: Ω_z (Histogram)



Rotation measurement

$$\underline{U}_m - \underline{U}_n = \underline{\omega} \times (\underline{X}_m - \underline{X}_n)$$

$$\underline{U}_m - \underline{U}_p = \underline{\omega} \times (\underline{X}_m - \underline{X}_p)$$

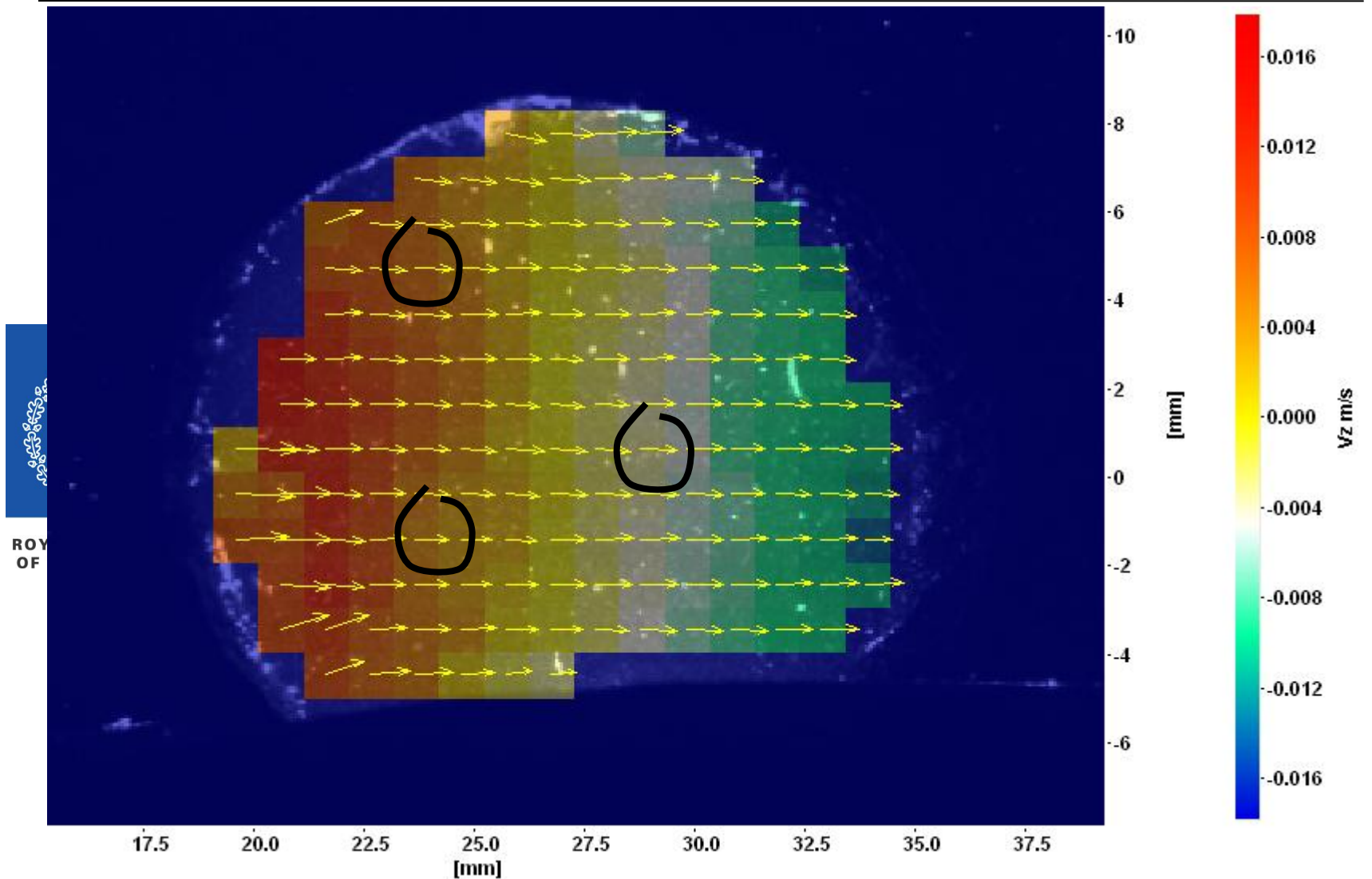


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3 measured vectors within the particle give:

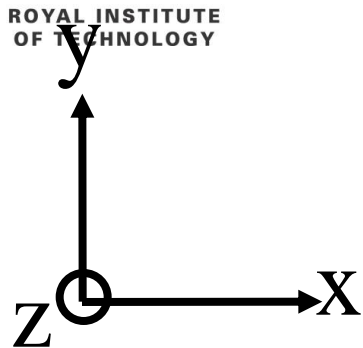
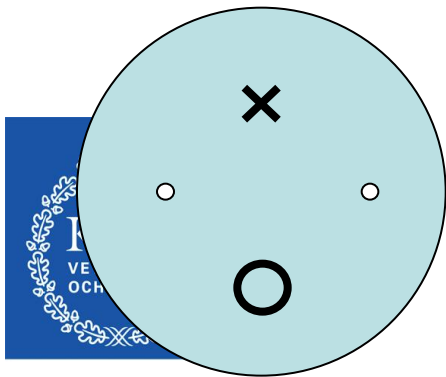
1 measurement of $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$
1 measurement of $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$
4 measurements of $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$

Rotation measurement – Validation

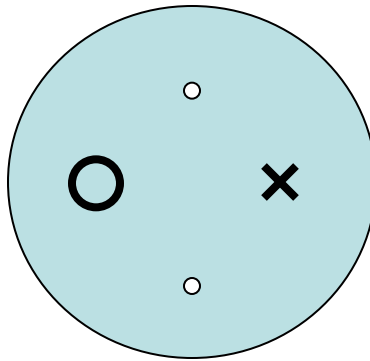


Rotation measurement – Validation

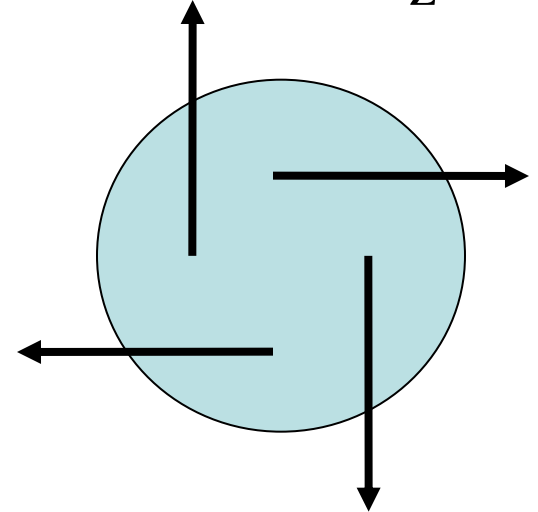
$$\Omega = [\Omega_x, 0, 0]$$



$$\Omega = [0, \Omega_y, 0]$$



$$\Omega = [0, 0, \Omega_z]$$



Thank you!



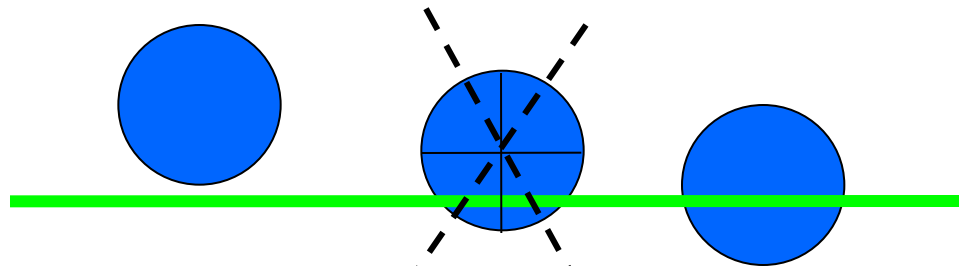
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ENGINEERING LABORATORY FOR FLUID
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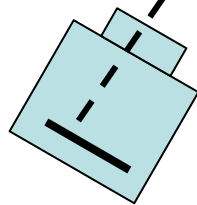
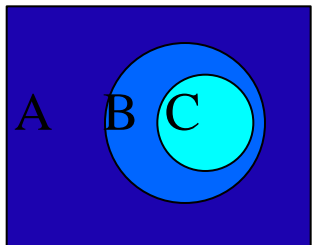
Particle Translation

Plan view:

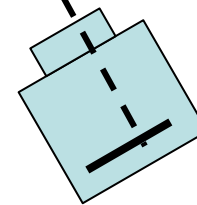
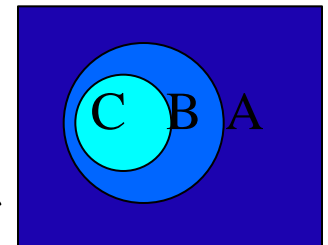


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Camera 1



Camera 2



Hydrogel



Motivation

Eaton et. al. , Lucci, Ferrante etc.

suggested that is important to resolve flow detail for large particles

Eaton, Lucci explained

flow around spheres but

what happens with non-spherical particles?

Confirm Pivoting,
experimental issues.

Rotational dynamics.



RMSPIV - Summary

Effective measurement for particle
Rotation and translation



Simultaneous fluid velocity

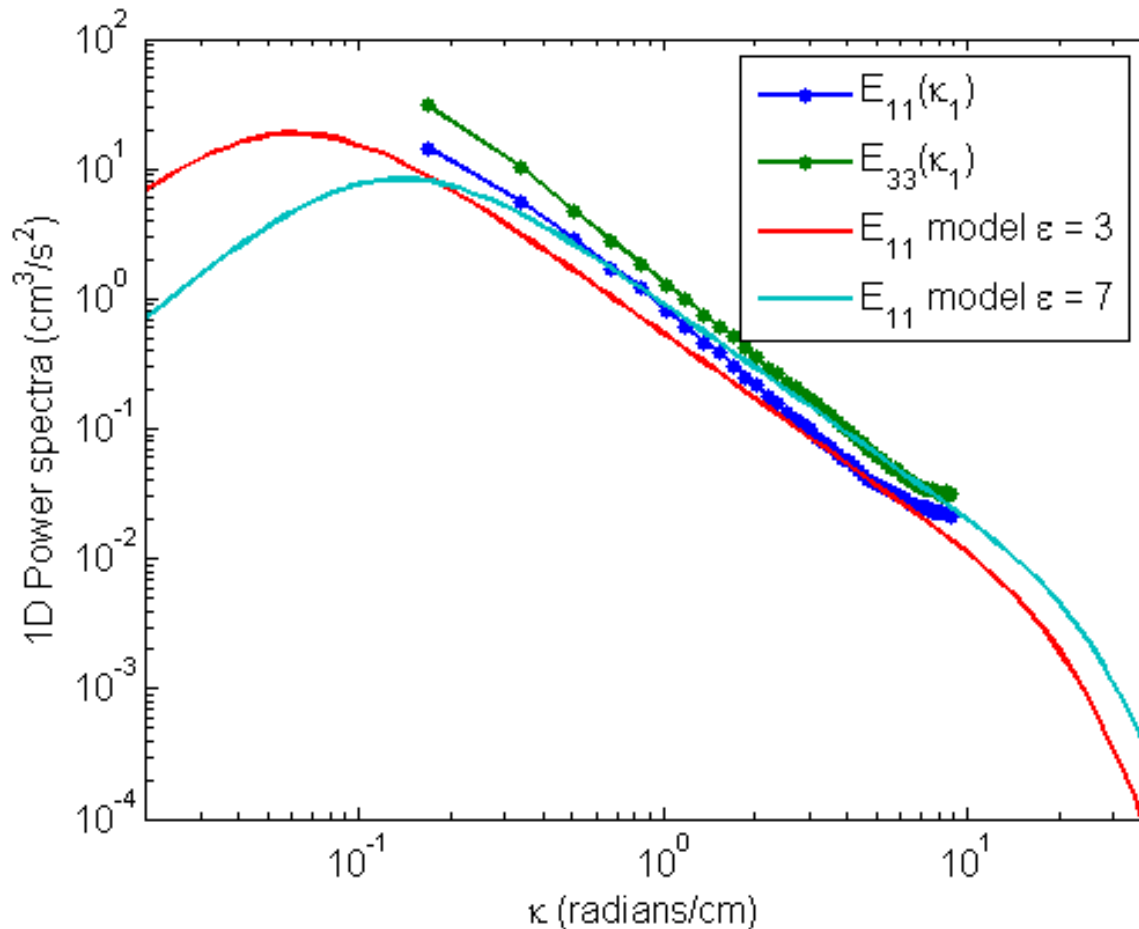
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In final stages of development

Creating ideal laboratory turbulence



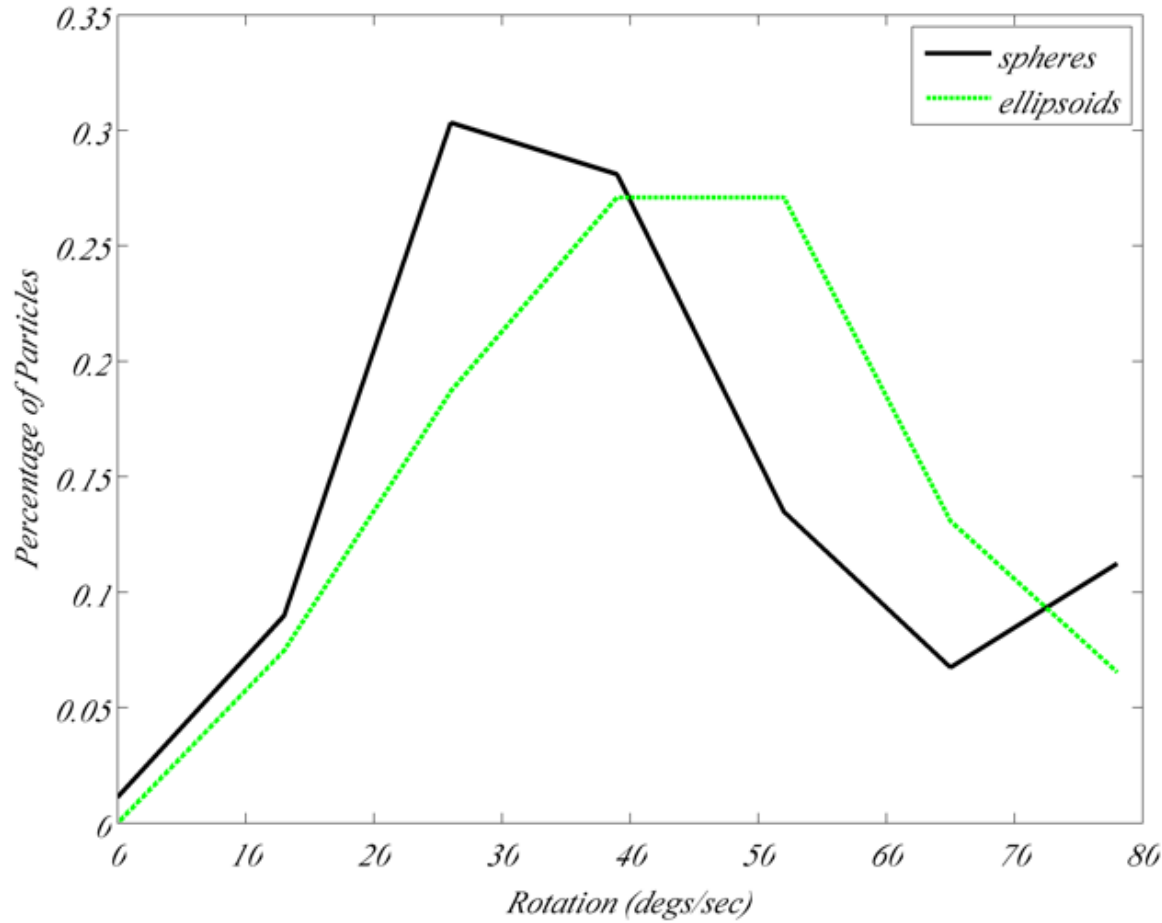
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Rotational Dynamics: preliminary results

PDF of $|\Omega|$

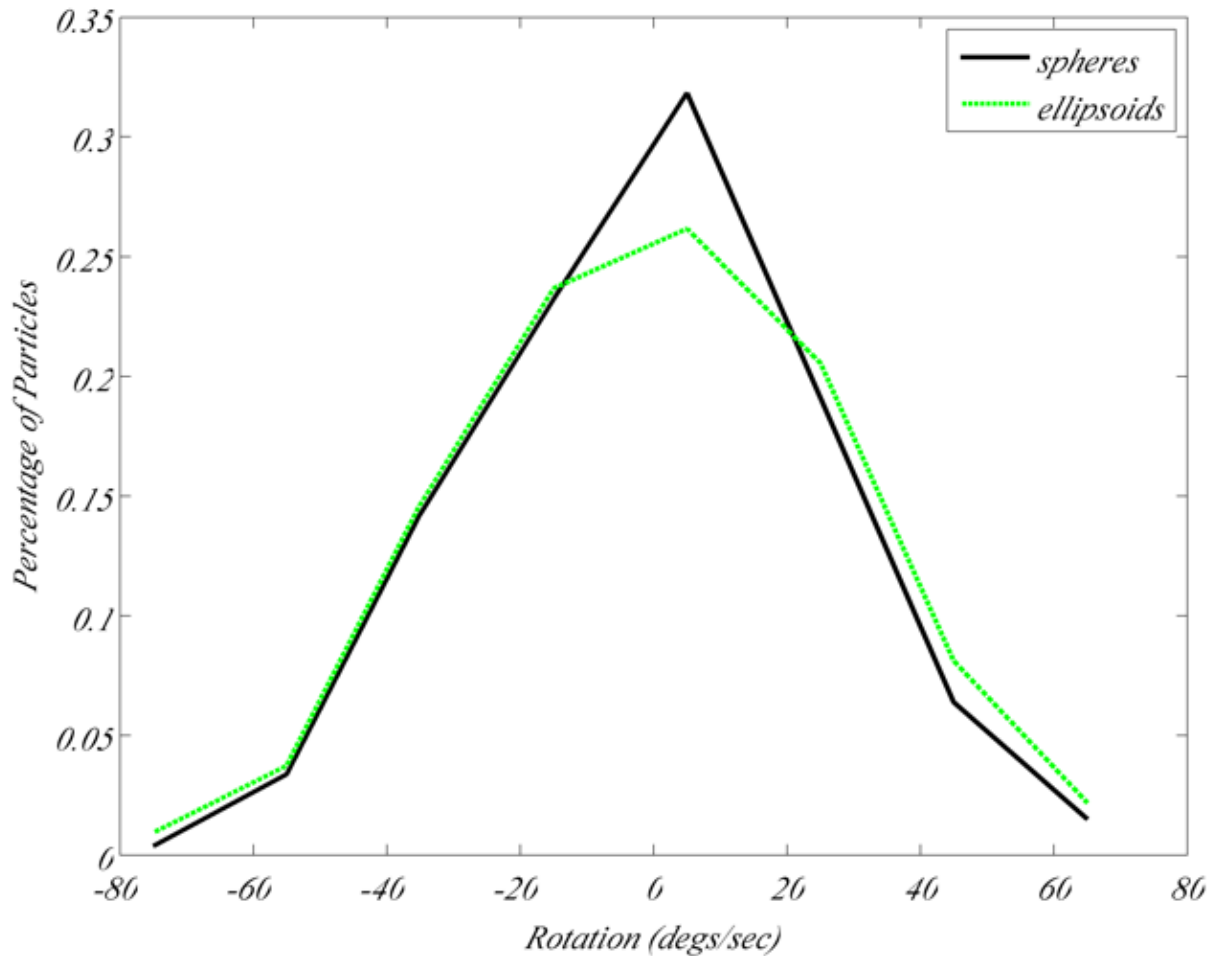
PDF of Magnitude of Omega



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Rotational Dynamics: preliminary results

PDF of $\Omega_x, \Omega_y, \Omega_z$



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